Permanent Review Committee on the

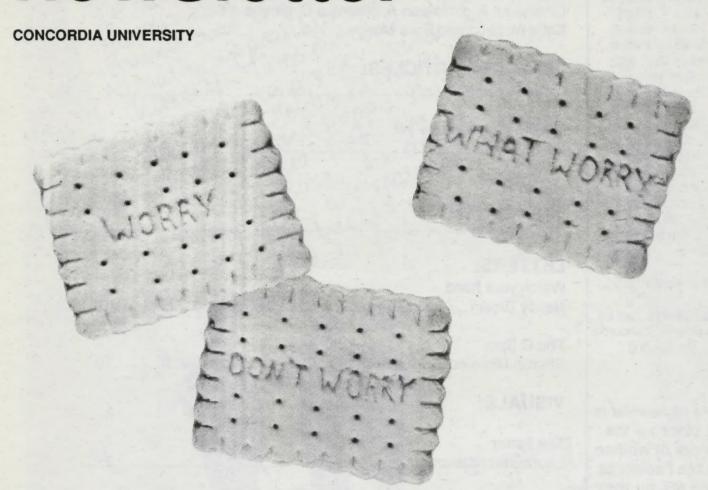
Status of Women FACULTY OF FINE ARTS

newsletter

issue



april 1992



this issue:

- Speaking out against racism
- Celebrating Women?
- Gimmle Daycare! Fine Arts Children's Co-op
- Poetry: "An ordinary event"
- The Miss Canada Pageant

and lots more...

The Permanent
Review Committee
on the Status of
Women, Faculty of
Fine Arts Newsletter
Concordia University

Issue 5 April, 1992

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This newsletter is a place for the voices of women in the Faculty of Fine Art, for their letters, their articles and their artwork. It serves as a forum where our subcommittees are listed, duties spelled out, accomplishments celebrated and new working members sought. The Permanent Review Committee on the Status of Women for the Faculty of Fine Arts is non-heirarchically structured and operates by consensus. Our membership consists of students, teaching faculty and staff from the Faculty of Fine Arts at Concordia University. We are dedicated to fostering a gender-balanced forum to educate, to support and to change. We meet Thursdays 10-12 in VA 243. New members welcome to join any time.

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and of the justice. Laura Bernhardson



Printed below is our LETTER OF SUPPORT to the Women's Centre.

March 20, 1992 Montreal

To the members of the Art Show Committee, Concordia Women's Centre:

This is to offer our support and respect for your decision to exclude certain works from the "Celebrating Women..." exhibition held during International Womyn's Week.

As co-sponsors of the exhibition, we agree that, in the context of a predominantly "white" exhibition with few representations of women of colour, the painting "Femme aux Bananes" would be extremely problematic. Whether or not the artist intended a racist stereotype is beyond the scope of a group exhibition committee; however, if such a committee itself deems certain work to be racist or sexist or otherwise against its interests as part of a larger group (in this case, both the Women's Centre and the Permanent Review Committee...), then by all means it should not be exhibited in an exhibition intended to represent that group. We also agree that, given that the "banana" piece was excluded, it was necessary to also exclude the two works which were similar in nature. Better to risk offending two or three artists than entire communities of people who are continually being offended, angered and hurt by seeing themselves represented or otherwise spoken for by people of privilege who unthinkingly exercise their "artistic license" or "academic freedom".

As a committee of artists, we recognize that we have a responsibility to be sensitive to this very complex issue of representation. As feminists, it is our mandate to promote equality on grounds of race aswell as gender. This is not an issue of an innocent artist pitted against a fascist institution (as it has been represented in the various news media). No educated artist is innocent and a group of feminists questioning their position of power can hardly be considered fascists.

We recognize that this has been an extremely difficult time for you, given the unwarranted public attention. As Julianne Pidduck pointed out in her Mirror column, the media are just waiting for a chance to pounce on anything that they can call "politically correct", especially if it means feminist-bashing, too. Given the Women's Centre's commitment to "unlearning racism" and challenging sexism, it is very important that you made this decision to exclude work that perpetuates white women's position of power in western feminism. It takes courage to make this kind of decision and to stand by it in the face of overwhelming and reductivist media attention. Hopefully, you can be strengthened by the knowledge that you have sparked what should continue to be a long and searching discussion about art, representation and the responsibility of the privileged artist and academic in our community.

Karilee Fuglem

and all the members of The Permanent Review Committee on the Status of Women, Faculty of Fine Art.

On Saturday, March 21, an adhoc committee of women from the Faculties of Fine Arts and Communications hosted a public forum to discuss the role of the media and some of the complexities of the issues of race, representation, and feminism surrounding the Women's Center Art Show.

Not Time to Celebrate Yet!

"Celebrating Women - Global Connections", the art show with the hopeful title, was a lesson in reality. It was a lesson, also, in denial and manipulation of reality. By reality, I mean: "the state of things as they are or appear to be, rather than as one might wish them to be." (Collins English Dictionary). One might wish there to be an art show where women of difference could freely express themselves through the production and display of images and objects which would celebrate and connect us all. Or, one might wish that we could all transport ourselves to a mythical time in which women are simple and are never exploited or exploitative. We might wish these things to be, and we might even try to make them appear to be. In fact, that is what happened in this year's art show. The result was a collision between lack of experience and lack of experience. In the case of the art show committee, it was our lack of experience which prevented us from foreseeing the problems inherent in a "non-juried" show with a theme that mixed politics, spirituality, and cultural diversity. For Lyne Robichaud, it was her lack of experience and lack of understanding of a culture which she chose to represent as she wished it to

This article comes in the aftermath of an astounding media campaign. Ms. Robichaud took her story to "La Presse" after her painting -"Femme Aux Bananes"- was rejected by the art show committee. We told her why we rejected it. We used the "R" word: Racist. We did not call her a racist, but we said the image could be read as a racist stereotype. Over the next few days, the story spread across the country in the newspapers and on radio and television. The media, for the most part, were not too interested in the "R" word. They were much more interested in the "C" word: Censorship. In terms of morning and evening entertainment, we - The Women's Centre - became "the bad guys". They took polls: how many people in the country thought that a picture of a black woman with bananas on her head was racist? surprisingly, many people felt it was simply an innocent image which had been unjustly censored. Obviously, we - The Women's Centre - were being "excessively politically-correct", to use Ms. Robichaud's term.

"...In a society governed by an etiquette of acceptance of cultural and ethnic others, racism would be the faux pas, not anger in response to it." (Adrian Piper, Xenophobia and the Indexical Present)

feminist art, literature, media and film criticism. We now have an extensive body of discourse from which we can educate ourselves to be critical about images which are used to degrade. dehumanize and exploit us. As white women we challenge these art and media images that have been forced upon us. We can easily identify the stereotypes which insult us: the semi-nude blonde on the hood of the car who appears eager to be raped, the "June Cleaver"- clone housewife, the limp, lifeless, passive artist's model draped on a couch in his studio. But we don't see images of black women in "high" art or in the media as often as we see the blonde caucasian woman. What we do see, however, is the "exotic" woman of colour in a wet t-shirt advertising Club Med. We see the "exotic" woman of colour bringing us a fruit and umbrellaladen cocktail in the nightclub. We see the "exotic" asian woman carrying our steak-teriyaki to our first-class seat on the 747. We see the "exotic" brown-skinned woman picking coffee beans or pineapple, waiting anxiously for the white man in the white suit to come...will her produce be good enough for his high standards? We see the plump black matriarch in her colourful bandanna selling "primitive crafts" to us in the island marketplace, while around her "happy" children play. We see a poster distributed by the Canadian International Development Agency, a branch of the Canadian Government, in which images of plump black matriarchs in bandannas, and plump brown children, are surrounded with overflowing baskets of food, denying the reality that "by the year 2000, women and girls will account for 70 percent of the 1.1 billion people living in absolute poverty in farming areas of developing countries" (United Nations Survey, Geneva, reported in Montreal Gazette, Feb. 25, 1992). When these kinds of images help us to "forget" this kind of reality, it is crucial that we start to identify these images as racist. We had better start saying the "R" word, "

"In the 1980's (and 90's), various groups, such as the women of color movement, are expanding the definitions of, and possibilities for, feminism. But many women's reactions to diversity interfere with learning from others and making successful crosscultural, multi-racial coalitions. I call these divisive reactions because bringing up racism or class or homophobia is not itself divisive to the movement. Rather, what is divisive is ignoring such issues or being unable to

(continued on page 8...)



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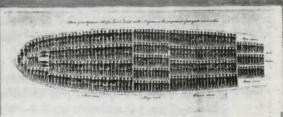
Important work has been done in the area of

IMAGES OF A POWER-FUL IMAGINATION









THE GAZETTE MONTREAL TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 19

UN forecasts bleak future for rural women

Access to credit would help free them from poverty trap, agency says

SOUTHAM NEW

GENEVA — A United Nations survey of unit life in the Third World says that by the year 1000, women and side will account for 100 per ent of the 1, i billion necole living "in absolute soverty" in farming areas of developing countries.

The world's population is about 5 billion.

The report by the UN's International Fund for legicultural Development, blames the increasing "feminization" of rural poverty on desperate to commit conditions that are causing ment to ingrate to urbass areas, either in their own counseling of the conditions that it is not controlled lands averaged.

"A new picture of the rural woman — on her rurs, working 14 to 17 hours a day to bring up for family and to put food on the table, increasingly without a man to help," has exserged in any of the 114 developing countries that the

"The face of rural poverty is increasingly female." Iddiss Jazier of Algeria, the agency-iresident, said yesterday, the sold the stocal canstrophe is deepening and "has progressed most apidly in those regions where droughts, crossion and deformatation have supposed the productivity.

a agriculture.

The findings of Jazziry's agency are to be ta
en up today and tomorrow in Geneva, when
bout 60 wives of world leaders — most from
he Third World — have gathered to try to focu
nierrational attention on the rural "povery."

"The aim of what UN officials are calling "the unmit of first ladies" is to get them to front leading the UN agency's own ideas about how to make ite easier for improvershed Third World woner. Topping the list is better access to credit. "The poor in general have limited access to redit. Those who live in rural areas have even redit. Those who live in rural areas have even

The number of poor rural wanner increases by 5 million each year worldwide. Most don't owr ny land, aren't eligible for loans and are hardly tentioned in their countries' economic planned statistics—although they're a visible force.



Rural women: working 14 to 17 hours a day to raise family and to put food on the table

that help keen things running.

The briefing paper argues that at a cost of \$750 million per year, leants of just \$50 per person million the person million. Third World women a cear save themselves and their families from a life of desperation.

The UN agency said its experience has shown that money invested "especially in this urmy of forgotien women," would be money well spent, IFAD experts with

In Africa, women — widows or independent wives whose husbands are locking for work in circles or abroad — produce 70 per cent of the food. The agency cited the example of Santamaya 28-year-old Nepaless woman from a villa north of Kathmandu. With no land and means to carn money, she could barely ske out

A small four Born UN funds, however, help put Santumaya on her way toward economic dependence. She spent 120 rupees (\$5.50) of bechive and 3,000 rupees on a fount that she u to weave rups.

With the money she carrie selling rugs. Saw mays not only supports her children and sen them to school, but also has repaid the loan a saved some maney.

The summit will look for wave to implement program among at statisking powers, sicknet gack of education and agricultural problems. Whether this work's gathering in Geneva ca help aver increasing Third World powerty intergulation and agricultural facilities of the program of

ing their lamities.

Jazairy says large increases in rich countrie foreign and budgets are not the inner. Indiend, the primary challenge is to recorder the budget prior ties of governments and international done.

agencies.

If AD's grim report on chronic poverty amor.

Third World women opens by declaring: "Offigure alone speaks of the magnitude of the cris—

— the number of rural women living in povert
in the developing countries has increased by a
most 50 per cent over the past 20 years to a
magnitude of childron."

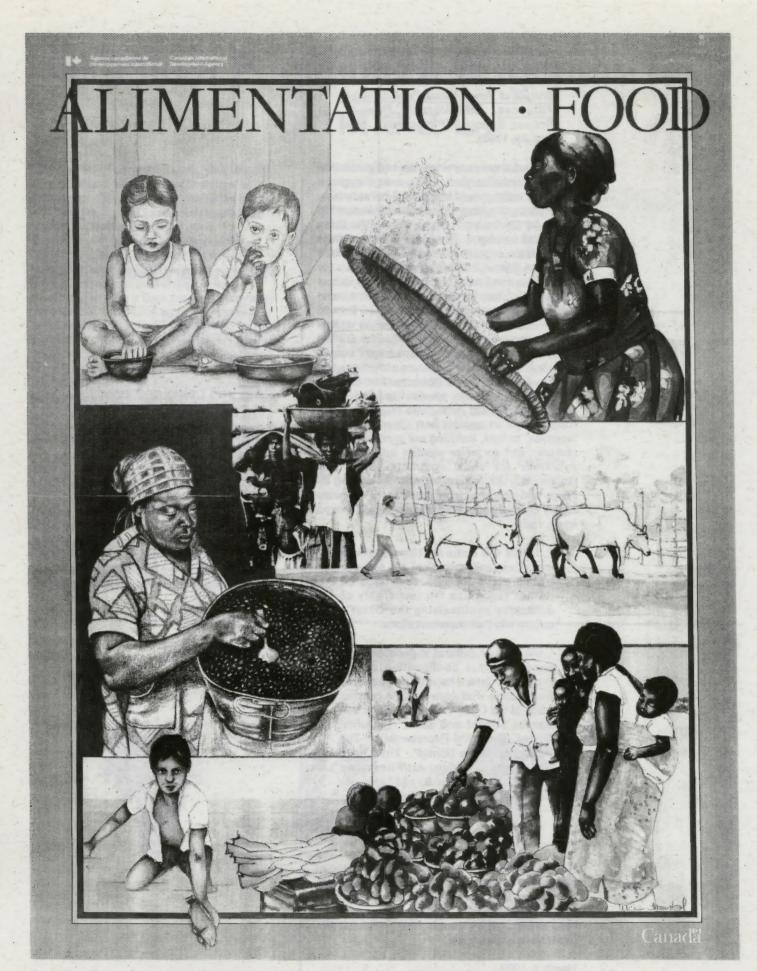
This is 60 per cent of what the UN agency sais its current estimate of 939 million desperated improver-shed rural people worldwide.

The agency's figures indicate that more that 60 million tural women in Third World could true "act as sele leads of their households, cating the 331 million other family members."

The number of poor rural women throughout asis, estimated at 363 million, is greater that the population of Western Europe.



Sources, left to right: white supremacist journals (Scarborough, Ont., 1979 and American, 1967); Cotton Pickers, painting by Winslow Homer, 1876; plan of African slave ship lower deck, 19th cent.; article, The Montreal Gazette, Feb. 25, 1992; refugee camp, Bangladesh, from Ms. Jan. /Feb 1992, article listing disasters in 1991.



Poster for Canadian International Development Agency, branch of Canadian Government.

respond to them constructively." (Charlotte Bunch, "Making Common Cause - Diversity and Coalitions" from Bridges of Power-Women's Multicultural Alliances. Lisa Albrecht, Rose M. Brewer, Editors. (Philadelphia, New Society, 1990).

If, as an art show committee, we had decided to show Ms. Robichaud's painting, even though we saw it as racist, would we not still be exercising privilege by granting viewers the "freedom" to decide for themselves? Do we all have the same amount of freedom? Would it have been more appropriate to show the painting and then apologize later if it offended certain people, or certain groups of people? If none of the visitors to the gallery found it offensive, would that mean it was not a racial stereotype, or would it mean that no one noticed? Certainly, as white women on a university art show committee, we are not authorities on issues of race. But we are serious about trying to educate ourselves and other white people. Certainly Lyne Robichaud is not "the enemy", which is why we declined to involve ourselves in TV and radio news programs which sought to pit us against her. There are many "enemies" to fight, including our own internalized racism. But as white women artists on volunteer art show committee, we took responsibility for confronting and challenging an image and accompanying statement which were clearly problematic and, dare I say the "R" word again, racist.

"...While the cultural voices of racial minorities (and majorities) are silenced by oppressive societies, such societies do not recognize the immorality of arbitrarily synthesizing the Other's culture into their representations.

...the kind of cultural imperialism that sanctions this confiscation of the marginal into the mainstream, a transaction that converts the 'exotic' voice of the Other into commodities that can be bought and sold." (Maurice Berger, "Race and Representation: The Production of the Normal". From Race and Representation: Art/Film/Video Exhibit, Jan 26-Mar 6, 1987, Hunter College Art Gallery, New York City).

"I keep referring to the "R" word because, at certain times during the controversy, we were advised by legal counsel not to say "Racist" or we could be liable for slander. Once again, our laws protect white people from insult, at the expense of black people.

March 9, 1992

An ordinary event

He shoves her. She screams: leave me alone.

'Are you being bothered?'
'I'm not bothering her.
I'm (just) her old man.
I'm (only) talking to her."

Her eyes become slits. She stares at me. I have no other choice but to leave.

Katja MacLeod



Gimme a F, gimme a A, gimme a C, gimme a C.

After 2 years of committee work, your friendly neighbourhood 'daycare subcommittee' is packing up. Remember us? We're the people who brought you last year's questionnaire. The results, along with a series of our recommendations, were published in the December issue of the Status of Women's newsletter; what seemed to be the most urgent need of those parents who filled in the questionnaire, was a Daycare Co-op providing more flexible hours than traditional daycare situations would allow. To fill this need we have founded F.A.C.C. This new Fine Arts Children's Co-op of Concordia is designed for Fine Arts' students, staff and faculty who have children and are willing to exchange babysitting services. A facilitator from the Status of Women Committee will aid in getting the Co-op started and maintained until it eventually can function on its own. We hope that this new Co-op will be useful for Fine Art parents and their children. In this issue you will find the general Co-op regulations as well as a registration form.

Another need we tried to address this year was to find a space within the University that could be used by parents and their children. Since space in the VA building is extremely limited, we got a clear "no" to that one. We also tried to get changing tables installed in the VA building men's

and women's washrooms but were informed that this building is too toxic an environment for young children. To quote Sue Magor, Director of Environmental Health and Safety: "To allow public access to these areas, particularly small children, who may be at much greater risk than adults, is irresponsible and could result in legal action should a serious accident or exposure occur. We had considered the option of installing change tables near the gallery and posting signs alerting parents to the hazards and limiting access to designated areas. At the present time, there is no way to control access to hazardous areas. Therefore the idea has been rejected." So, don't hold your breath here, either. Still, we feel that the Daycare Committee has done its best to bring the issue of parents and kids within the Fine Art community onto the agenda - now its up to you to make F.A.C.C. work!

For further information contact Maria Torres at 697-6726.

Katja MacLeod and Sara Morley







"Watch Your Head"

When is a piece of art work racist? It is interesting that a certain work recently created such an uproar, an uproar which I think is ultimately positive because it sparks questions. Is a painting of a black women with bananas on her head racist? What if it was painted by a black woman? Well the paintings context is important. We live in an era which has started to reject the notion of art being god-like, transcending mortality, reality, existing in a timeless state. This particular work was painted by someone other than a black woman which I think is an important aspect to keep in mind. If it was painted by a black woman this would place the work in a different context. The problem I have with the notion of black people being represented by white people with bananas on their head is that this is an image that I have encountered in modernist paintings, National Geographic Magazines and in art galleries. It is rare that I have seen art work of black women in any other way, and I think this is the real problem. It seems odd that so much dispute is generated for an image that is already overexposed and accepted. Why hasn't there been as much controversy about all the artwork by women that has been written out of history books? Or similarily art work by women and men that is critical of the status quo and isn't seen at all? Could it be because stereotypes keep certain people in line, out of the competitive world of art? Stereotyping plays a role in isolating people, and of keeping people ignorant of other cultures. Lets face it, the modernist era has been a system of absolutism and exclusionism. Stereotypes are power plays, they can keep people within a certain culture suppressed. The key to the abolishment of stereotypes, starts with first recognizing that they exist, then, wrestling to get a multiplicity of views heard and shown.

Nancy Brown.

"C Spot"

Censorship. It's become a sensitive area, a contentious spot. Should something or someone be censored? Whose choice is it to censor? When is censorship appropriate? Who decides when censorship is appropriate? When does it go too far? Where is the line drawn between the rights of the individual and the rights of society? Is there another choice besides censorship?

Sharon Raynard.







SAYING GOOD BYE TO THE MAGIC TO - by Ms Laura Jean Bernhardson

YOU KNOW, THE THING THAT REALLY BURNS ME IS THEY NEVER EVEN BOTHERED TO ASK ME WHAT I THOUGHT. I MEAN, HOW HARD WOULD IT HAVE BEEN FOR THEM TO SAY, "LAURA, WE'RE THINKING OF ENDING THE PAGEANT FOREVER. HOW DO YOU FEEL ABOUT THAT?"



No, I'M NOT BITTER. IT'S JUST THAT, WELL, IT WAS THE MOST SPECIAL TIME OF MY LIFE. I KNOW IT SOUNDS CORNY, BUT. THERE WAS MAGIC IN THE AIR. AND NOW IT WON'T EVER HAPPEN AGAIN.

LIKE, WE WORKED REAL HARD TO GET THE DANCING JUST RIGHT AND ALL THAT.



AND WHEN THEY ANNOUNCED THE FIRST RUNNET-UP, AND IT WASN'T ME — THAT COULD ONLY MEAN ONE THING. GOD, I COULDN'T BELIEVE IT! AND I WAS DAMN PROUD TO BE MISS CANADA.



OK, SURE, MAYBE IT IS A LITTLE OLD-FASHIONED AND ALL THAT BUT I DON'T CARE. I STILL WRITE TO THE OTHER CONTESTANTS AND I WENT TO THE MARITIMES TO VISIT MISS NOVA SCOTIA LAST SUMMER. AND I CAN STILL HEAR THE AUDIENCE'S APPLAUSE echoing in My ears...





continued...margot waddell audre lorde erica carter patricia garfield suzanne st. cyr anna marie nicholson sylvie bernier sally weber nancy fraser linda hutchison jessica evans karen knorr roberta mcgrath heather stewart sydney dinsmore harriet casdin silver gabrielle buffet picabia dr. lotti steinitz sears phyllis lambert kate steinitz suzanne duchamp june singer nancy drew jacquetta hawkes elizabeth hanes dr. judith I. rapport c.j. taylor ellen gabriel shirley beljou irena ionesco margit rowell jacqueline chenieu bette midler gertrude rachell levy anna balakian jennifer mundy jane livingston christine boyer martha buskirk clara weyergraf serra iris marion young carol pateman frieda fordham marie bonaparte margaret kesselring mary van stolk karen horney ruth benedict maria montesorri clara thompson caroline brotzler prosser pam korza susan straight sylvia kolbowski rosetta brooks dolores hayden linda benedict jones ann hamilton deborah torville louise bourgeois leonor fini lisa tickner maryse holder joan semmel anita steckel monona rossoll jackie brookner edith schreiber aujame flavia rando mira schor erica rand mary ann caws susan danly mirella bandini elizabeth sussman clare sealey jacqueline gerols carol wald mary ellen solt judth papachristou grace paley betty berenson linda gunnarson marie cantlon vandana shiva brenda wallace alice adams agnes denes melissa crenshaw donna dennis nancy holt miralda magdalena abakanowicz tania mourand riane eisler rachel bagby amelia jones marti kheel monica sjoo ana mendieta mary beth edelson ariska razak ynestra king bohumila grogerova ilse garnier gloria feman orenstein irene diamond sally abbot susan griffin rachel carson charlene spetnak iris murdoch rozika parker laura mulvey harriet whitehead anette kuhn marisol patricia bosworth judith preckshof gwen raaberg silbyl colefax giovanna bourbieri lineage

for cody for

daughters and sons

this is a list of a few women

who influence have influenced may influence

many numbers of women and men..the list is subjective and defined as incomplete with controversy perhaps without controversy help us to continue our past and presence... inez hedges maryann de julio madelaine cottenet-hage georgina colville giselle prassinos joyce mansour valentine hugo sheila legge x diana brinton lee dawn ades georgina harding sister sheila hammond eve sonneman donna karan tanita takaram jodie foster mia farrow sophie tucker kim campbell heidi leontyne price chantal michetti erika billeter cheryl dunye judith mallin young dianne arnold betsy knapp margaret hayward jessica strang lorraine johnson martina navratilova caroline viau michelle cliff mineko grimmer nicole brossard catherine belsey lani maestro nell tenoff lydia clarke whitney chadwick kristin jones sarah tamor lamia doumato danielle berthiaume sophi jasmine pamela landry ita kendell helen goetz cathy mullen irene whittome kathy wiggan jacqueline wilson isabelle filion claudette seguin kate mcdonnell torie toward laura bernhardson jim me yoon dr. claudie solar jana sterbak dominique blain jocelyn aloucherie carolyn lisser rafman sally spilhaus danette steele lorraine toscano deborah margot danica jojich barbara layne marielle nitoslawska francine poitras ritva steppanen dr. rose sheinin leah sherman kathryn tweedie norma wagner susan scott holly king shelley reeves marion wagschall carol wainio susan magor mona duval kathy adams dr. marianne ainley gosztonyi therese chabot penepole cousineau elaine denis andrea fairchild reesa greenberg lorraine wild lilianna berzerowsky diane charbonneau lorraine andre annie galaise judy garfin janice helland lynn hughes dr. ellen james dr. kaarina kailo judith kelly elizabeth langeley dr. lucie lequin kathryn lipke barbara mackay dr. catherine mckenzie dr. dorothy markiewicz corrine corrie shirley mccleod christine ross dianne robin marjorie morton dr. cathy mullen dr. chantal maille susan hudson joanna soltan dr. elizabeth sacca mary lou esquerra genevieve cadieux mindy miller lisa dempster kim sawchuck maria torres nancy frohlick sharon raynard regine mainberger sylvia safdie marie france williams sarah morley dominique blain miki graznick kathy busby kathryn walters kat obrien janice mcclaren petra mueller cathy sisler andrea wollensak katja macleod miriam cooley barbara m. balfour judith cezar karilee fuglem ruhi hamid charlene eldridge wheeler peggy chin donna hauxhurst sue morrow annie macdonald langstaff jeanette angel natalie lafortune stefani vani devora neumark dr. michelle harrison lorraine oades dr. charlene berger michele fournier sarah bernhardt p.d. james barbara smith alison m. jagger kathy silver zaha hadid martha townsend gail bourgeouis marie berryman sylvie arsenault janet nicol kitty scott lorraine sims mariela borello diane pizzuti andrea doyle glenda schoel sarah kaplan dianne chisolm kathleen perry madonna ann kerby suzanne belson beatrice pearson colleen ovenden madelaine lajambe susan evans liz mcquiston angela issajenko viola spolin laura muntz Iyall carol simard laflamme antonnia astorio gae aulenti gudrun baudisch catherine budd ida clarke clarice cliff elsie de wolfe alexandra exter kate faulkner natalia goncharova betty joel vally wieselthier maria yakunchikova holly cole afra scarpa annie lennox angela idelson kyllikki karppinen jacqueline groag dorothy larcher celandine kennington mathilde flogi lena horn mariene creates nina sabnini to be continued.......